

國立台灣科技大學九十八學年度碩博士在職專班招生試題

系所組別： 資訊工程系碩士在職專班

科 目： 資訊工程概論

(總分為 100 分)

1. True or False. **You MUST justify your answer to receive full credit.** (15%)
  - (a) A process is in thrashing state if it is spending more time executing than paging.
  - (b) A user application only runs in user mode and the kernel only runs in kernel mode.
  - (c) The Multi-Level-Feedback-Queue (MLFQ) scheduling is an approximation to the Shortest-Job-First (SJF) scheduling.
  - (d) The four necessary conditions for a deadlock are: mutual exclusion, preemptive, hold and wait, and circular wait.
  - (e) A Translation Lookaside (or Lookahead) Buffer (TLB) has a fixed number of page table entries, which map physical memory addresses onto disk addresses.
  
2. Consider the following snapshot of the resources in a system: (10%)

Resource \ Process ID	Allocated				Max Required			
	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
1	1	1	2	1	5	3	3	3
2	2	3	0	1	5	4	3	2
3	1	2	2	0	3	4	3	2
4	2	0	1	2	3	5	3	6

Currently available resource [A, B, C, D] = [2, 2, 2, 2]. Will the system be in a safe state if Process 1's request of [1, 0, 1, 0] is granted at this moment? **You must show step-by-step how you arrive at your answer to receive full credit.**

3. Assume that there are three page frames (initially empty). Consider the references strings: (15%)
 

1 2 3 2 1 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 1 3 2 4

 How many page faults will occur for the following replacement algorithms?
  - (a) FIFO
  - (b) LRU
  - (c) Optimal**You must show step-by-step how you arrive at your answer to receive full credit.**



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4. Devise algorithms for the following problems. (20%)
- a. Given an array of  $N$  elements of two different types, Green and Yellow, design an  $O(N)$  in-place algorithm to put all the Green elements on the left, followed by all the Yellow elements.
  - b. Extend your algorithm to the case where there are three different types of elements, Green, Yellow, and Red.
5. Consider the function defined recursively for all positive integers  $n$  by  $f(1) = 1$  and  $f(n) = f(n-1) + 2n - 1$ , for  $n > 1$ . (15%)
- a. Give an explicit formula for  $f(n)$ . (Hint: Try a few simple formulas.)
  - b. Prove that the formula is correct.
6. What is the computational complexity of the following code fragment? (10%)
- ```
for(i=n/2; i<n; i++)
  for(j=1; j<n; j+=n/2)
    for(k=1; k<n; k=2*k)
      x=x+1;
```
7. What is the probability of getting one pair in a five-card poker hand? That is two cards of one rank, and three cards that don't match the rank of the pair or each other. (15%)

